**MINI-LESSONS** 

# Integrate writing into all subjects



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## Plan effective writing experiences.

Make time to teach writing skills.

#### **ELEMENTARY SCHEDULE**

8:40	11111	Morning Work & Calendar	12:50	ALC: NO.	Computer Lab
9:20	3.8	Reading & Stations	1:35		Math
11:00	2)	Art	2:15		Read Aloud
11:45	<b>O</b> 100	Lunch	2:45	Science	Social Studies
		4-10/3	Science Studies		



- Read relevant text.
- View relevant clips/images.
- Engage in class discussions.
- Provide teacher lecture.
- Answer related questions.

Execute a writing mini-lesson.

Announce subject-area writing task.



#### DEPARTMENTALIZED CLASSES

#### SUBJECT LEARNING

**20-40 MINUTES** 

- Execute your content-area lesson.
- Read relevant text.
- View relevant clips/images.
- Engage in class discussions.
- Provide teacher lecture.
- Execute sample problems.
- Answer related questions.

#### **WRITING LESSON**

10-15 MINUTES

- Announce/Review a relevant writing skill.
- Point out characteristics and features of a parallel example.
- Describe quality of the writing.
- Demonstrate how to execute that skill within a Think Aloud.



#### **WRITING TASK**

**10-20 MINUTES** 





### Scaffold summarization instruction.

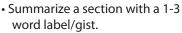
#### Define the goal.

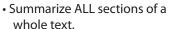
Summaries include only the most important information told in order.











• Stretch labels into sentences to write a summary paragraph.

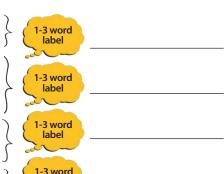




**THE TEXT** 



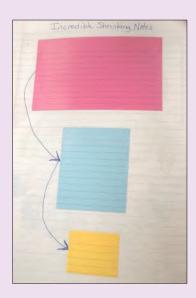






**SECRET** SITE

Gradually determine the important information with a multi-step Shrinking Summary.



**Shrinking Summary** 

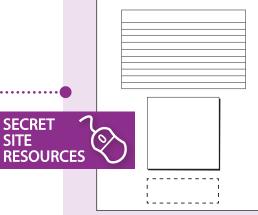




Parallel summary writing with ESPN SportsCenter.



Paraphrase author ideas.





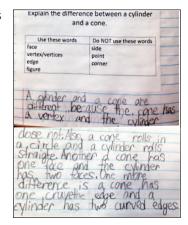
## Discern important information.

#### Use key words to write a short explanation.

 Students explain a main idea using 2-3 important words the teacher determined.

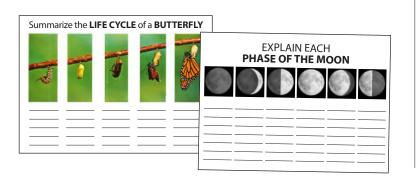
Polar bears are carnivores and they camouflage themselves so they can eat other animals.

 Generate longer explanations that reveal understanding of inter-related ideas.



#### Summarize sequential steps with visual clues.

• Add detailed captions for a series of illustrations.



#### Use text features as clues to the important information.

• Generate a Title-Wave Summary.

# **BEFORE**READING

List all the headings/subheadings in the order they appear within the text/chapter/unit.

# AFTER

Write a summary of the entire text using each heading/subheading in the order they were presented.

#### How do organisms interact?

Change in Ecosystems
Competing
Sharing Resources
Helping Each Other
Living Side by Side
Causing Harm

Organisms interact when they live in the same ecosystems. Ecosystems change as populations increase and resources dwindle. Sharing resources causes competition between predators. Some organisms live side by side, not helping or hurting each other. Other organisms, called parasites, cause harm to the organisms they attach themselves to.

#### Hungry Hoppers: Grasshoppers in Your Backyard



Big Jumpers
Sensing Danger
What Do Grasshoppers Eat?
Tricky Wings

Grasshoppers jump big distances due to their strong back legs. They use their eyes and antennae to sense danger in front or behind them.

Grasshoppers eat any kind of plant including crops growing in a farmer's field. The grasshopper has two sets of wings to trick their enemies with a bright flash of color that seems to disappear when the wings are folded.



# **Expect longer summaries with structured support.**

Complete Information Pyramids.

Constitution

Topic/Concept

rights privileges

2 key words

law of land

Main Idea in 3 words

citizens following same rules

**Examples/Details in 4 words** 

Lincoln

Historical Person/Group

Honest Abe

2 characteristics

nation at war

Problem in 3 words

promotes unity; saves Union

Solution/Resolution in 4 words

Earthquake

Event/Concept

moving plates

Main idea in 2 words

bending, breaking, scraping

Causes in 3 words

vibrations travel through crust

Effects in 4 words

Support comprehensive summaries with frames.

# **Topic-Specific Frames**

- Identify key details (words/phrases) that you expect to be included in the response.
- Consider transition words/phrases to aid organization and flow.

...the branch... ...one reason...

...a second reason...

...unlike the other two branches...

...in summary...

...windows on the bus...

...the process...

...because... ...molecules...

...that's why...

# 2 Universal Frames

• Utilize the same frame and change out the content.

...in the reading... ...the main idea..

...an example...

...another... ...in summary...

In the problem...

...key information...

...to solve...

...the answer...

**SECRET SITE RESOURCES** 



Support summary writing with frames based on a text's structure.

Somebody... ...wanted...
...but... ...so...

...then...